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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/644,527	08/20/2003	James E. Mathis	CM05954G	5966	
22917 75	590 12/14/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
MOTOROLA, INC.			FISHER, MICHAEL J		
1303 EAST AL IL01/3RD	GONQUIN ROAD		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
SCHAUMBUR	.G, IL 60196		3629		
			DATE MAILED: 12/14/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/644,527	MATHIS ET AL.	1			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael J Fisher	3629				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addre	ess			
Period for Reply	V 10 05T TO 5VDIDE 4 A	IONTHIO) FROM				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a ly within the statutory minimum of thir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this comm BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under be	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.E	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application	ı.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	•	•				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
TT) The oath of declaration is objected to by the E.	xammer. Note the attache	d Office Action of form P10-	102.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea</li> </ul>	ts have been received. ts have been received in A prity documents have beer nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  n received in this National Sta	age			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not	received.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-948)    Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)   Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Informal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US PAT 5,359,522 to Ryan (Ryan'522).

As to claim 1, Ryan'522 discloses detecting the initiation of a primary service function (putting the fuel nozzle into the receptacle col 4, lines 53-55), managing a transfer of data (col 4, lines 56-63), terminating said data transfer when one condition has been met (not receiving the proper code, col 5, lines 2-8).

As to claim 2, it would be inherent that the condition could be the completion of the primary service function as the fuel pump module would no longer receive the code when the pump was withdrawn upon completion of the fueling operation)

As to claim 3, the condition is the completion of the transfer of a predetermined amount of data (col 5, lines 2-8).

As to claims 4 and 6, the connection would be electrical (col 4, lines 41-53) and it would be a field coupling.

As to claims 5,22,23, the coupling is on a wireless network (claim 9), which would be a wireless local area network as it is shown as only working when the truck is in range (claim 1).

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As to claims 8 and 16, the identity of the entity service would be determined (col 4, lines 56-63).

As to claim 9, the first amount of data has been determined (receiving signals, col 4, lines 56-63).

As to claim 10, the first amount would be terminated before beginning fueling, therefore, it would be terminated before finishing fueling.

As to claim 11, it would be inherent that the operator was to wait for the first amount of data to be transferred as the operator is trying to fuel the vehicle.

As to claim 12, the operator would inherently wait until the first data was transferred as the fueling can't begin until the first data is transferred.

As to claim 13, the first data includes operational data for the truck (claim 8) and this would impact the duration of the primary service function as claim 8 discusses mileage elapsed since preceding fluid delivery.

As to claim 14, the primary service function is fueling (title).

As to claim 15, the entity is a vehicle (claim 6).

As to claim 17, Ryan'522 discloses a first communications element coupled to a fueling system (claim 1), and a second communications element coupled to an entity (claim 6), wherein a communications link is established (claim 1).

As to claim 18, the first communications element is coupled to a fueling nozzle (claim 11, section (d)), and the second communications element is coupled to a fuel receptacle (claim 11, sections (a) and (c).

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Note: For examination purposes, as there does not appear to be a difference between an electrical lead and an electrical surface (they are analogous), they will be assumed to be the same thing.

As to claims 19 and 20, the connections are shown to be electrical and therefore, would be considered to be both a lead and a surface.

As to claim 24, Ryan'522 discloses an infrastructure (claim 1), including a data repository (first information storage, claim 1), a communications network element (claim 1, section (b)), a data communications controller (security means, claim 1), a first communications element (antenna, claim 9), a second communications element (claim 9) all are connected (claim 1).

As to claim 25, the controller is connected to the infrastructure (claim 1).

As to claim 26, Ryan'522 discloses a communications network element is connected to the entity (claim 8, containing operational history)

As to claims 27 and 30, Ryan'522 discloses a wireless network (claim 9), which would be a wireless local area network as it is shown as only working when the truck is in range (claim 1).

As to claim 28, as the network tracks the fueling (claim 1), it would know that the primary service function has been started.

As to claim 29, Ryan'522 discloses providing entity identification information, (claim 8).

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 7 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ryan'522.

Ryan'522 discloses a system as discussed above. Ryan'522 does not, however, teach the connection as being optical. Optical connections are very well known in the art as alternate, electronic coupling and would therefore not be patentably distinct.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US PAT 6,571,151 to Leatherman discloses a wireless nozzle interface for fuel dispenser communicating with a receptacle, US PAT 6,381,514 to

Hartsell, Jr. discloses a dispenser system that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle, US PAT 6,363,299 to Hartsell, Jr. discloses a dispenser system that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle, US PAT 5,971,042 to Hartsell, Jr. discloses a dispenser system that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle, US PAT 5,956,259 to Hartsell, Jr. discloses a dispenser system that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle, US PAT 5,906,228 to Keller discloses a gasoline dispensing system that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle, US PAT 5,868,179 to Hartsell, Jr. discloses a dispenser system that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle, US PAT 5,857,501 to Kelerich et al. discloses a fueling system that communicates electronically with a vehicle, US PAT 5,204,819 to Ryan discloses a fluid delivery apparatus that communicates wirelessly with a vehicle.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J Fisher whose telephone number is 703-306-5993. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:30am-5:00pm alt Fri. off.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael J. Fisher

Patent Examiner GAU 3629

12/10/04